



Franklin-McKinley School District

**Facilitating Naturally Occurring  
Asbestos (NOA) Remediation in  
Urban Settings**

C.A.S.H. Annual Conference  
Thursday, February 26, 2004  
Sacramento, CA

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Franklin-McKinley School District

**Larry Aceves, Superintendent  
Franklin-McKinley School District**

- Introduction of Panel
- Overview of Ramblewood Park Elementary School Project

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Franklin-McKinley School District

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School Site Solutions, Inc.**

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Franklin-McKinley School District



## School Site Solutions, Inc.

### Coordination of the Site Approval Process

- Early coordination of all players
- Recognize the need for safety analysis early
- Site Constraint Evaluation
- Begin Phase One Immediately. Site Review stage
- Conception to Completion. Establish timelines early
- Know the approval process and how it applies to your project including site package submittal

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Franklin-McKinley School District



## School Site Solutions, Inc.

### Working with the DTSC on NOA Sites

- Knowledge of the process/School District as the Lead Agency
- DTSC Schools Unit/School District/LEA Relationship
- DTSC Project Manager & Toxicologist Contact Information
- Holiday's and Vacation Backup
- Weekly/Biweekly Communication -School District - LEA /Environmental Consultants/Architect
- Project Coordinator Essentials

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Franklin-McKinley School District

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## Mitigation of Naturally Occurring Asbestos (NOA) Hazards

Testing  
Regulatory required plans  
Removal action practices  
Dust monitoring  
Capping considerations  
Keys to success

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## Testing

- Use PLM methods on *most* rock samples
- Use TEM methods on soil and air samples
- Use lab with a proven track record
- Spend the extra money on lab analysis to avoid later grief!

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## Regulatory Agency Required Plans

- Removal Action Workplan (RAW) or Remedial Design and Implementation Plan (RDIP) if removal > \$2 million
  - Health and Safety Plan
  - Dust Mitigation Plan
  - Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
  - Cost Estimate
  - Operation and Maintenance Agreement
  - Operation and Maintenance Plan

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### Additional Removal Action Workplan Components

- Identification of Removal Alternatives
- Removal Action Alternative Evaluation
  - Overall protection of human health and the environment
  - Compliance with State and Federal requirements
  - Long-Term Effectiveness and Permanence
  - Reduction of Toxicity, Mobility, and Volume
  - Short-Term Effectiveness
  - Implementability
  - Cost
  - Regulatory Agency Acceptance
  - Community Acceptance
  - Removal Action Alternative Selection

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### Additional Removal Action Workplan Components (continued)

- Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements
  - Public Participation
    - Community Survey
    - Community Profile Report
    - Community Concerns
    - Public Participation Activities
- **Removal Action Implementation Description**
- Project Schedule

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### Removal Action Practices

- Water to control dust
- Sweep trucks after loading (common hazmat practices)
- Rinse trucks, wet loads, and cover loads prior to leaving site
- Street sweeping
- Protect storm drains

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### Dust Monitoring

- Total Dust
  - Personnel air sampling
  - Perimeter air sampling
  - Provision to reduce monitoring frequency
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### Capping Considerations

- Cap all disturbed rock and fills
  - Consider capping undisturbed rock as well
  - Use colored indicator between cap and NOA
  - Consider installing utilities corridors
  - Consider depth of post-capping excavations
  - Cover all fills composed of NOA rock
  - Be cautious in using on-site soils
  - Carefully screen import soils for capping
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### Keys to Success

- High level DTSC involvement
  - Total support from school district
  - Project Coordinator
  - Consultant experience with DTSC requirements
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Larry Aceves, Superintendent  
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■ Closing Remarks

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